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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/676,637	10/01/2003	Mark L. Wilkinson	MIR0003US 7864	
32794 KOESTNER B	7590 07/09/2007 BERTANILLP	I FXAMINER		
2192 Martin St			TRUONG, THANHNGA B	
Suite 150 Irvine, CA 92612			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2135	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/09/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/676,637	WILKINSON ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Thanhnga B. Truong	2135				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. sely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 M	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 May 2007</u> .					
<i>'</i> =	,—					
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-86</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) 41,56,71 and 86 is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-40, 42-55, 57-70, and 72-85</u> is/are rejected.						
,	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>01 October 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
	anning. Note the attached emes	7.00.011 01 1011111 1 0 102.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)	_					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P					

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DETAILED ACTION

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1. This action is responsive to the communication filed on May 01, 2007. Claims 1-86 are pending. At this time, claims 1-40, 42-55, 57-70, and 72-85 are rejected.

Election/Restrictions

2. Applicant's election with traverse of Species 1 in the reply filed on May 01, 2007 is acknowledged.

Claims 41, 56, 71, and 86 are withdrawn by the applicant from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected species 2. Election was made with traverse in the reply filed on May 01, 2007. This is not found persuasive because each of the various disclosed species details a mutual exclusive characteristic of:

Species 1 is drawn to "A method, a system, and a computer-readable medium comprising: determining whether a source address for a first packet sent by the source address to a destination address qualifies as a threat; examining the first packet; and determining a response to the first packet based upon the examining and based upon whether the source address qualifies as the threat."

Species 2 is drawn to "A method, a system, and a computer-readable medium comprising: examining a first packet sent by a source address to a destination address; determining whether the destination address is a synthetic hardware address; and when the destination address is the synthetic hardware address, modifying the first packet by replacing the destination address with a hardware address for a device to receive communication targeted to the destination address, and sending the first packet."

These above individual species act as evidenced by the representation of each various species with a different figure or set of figures and a different in processing the steps.

A search for one of these mutually exclusive characteristics is not coextensive with a search for the other mutually exclusive characteristics and therefore

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searching for all mutually exclusive characteristics could not be done without serious burden. The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made **FINAL**.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

3. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

4. Claims 1-40, 42-55, 57-70, and 72-85 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

a. Referring to claim 72:

Claim 72 recites "A computer-readable medium comprising: threat-determining instructions configured to determine whether a source address for a first packet sent by the source address to a destination address qualifies as a threat; examining instructions configured to examine the first packet; and response-determining instructions configured to determine a response to the first packet based upon the examining and whether the source address qualifies as the threat." The claim is directed toward a software program, and this is a non-statutory subject matter. Furthermore, applicant has pointed out in the specification (see paragraph 0116 of page 22 of specification) "The instructions 338 may include various operating instructions and computer-implemented instructions for implementing the methods herein, among others. These instructions may take the form of interpretive instructions, programs, and additional data, among others.", which clearly including intangible media such as signals, carrier waves, transmissions, optical waves, transmission media or other media incapable of being touched or perceived absent the tangible medium through which they are conveyed. Therefore, claim 72 recites a non-statutory subject matter.

b. Referring to claims 1, 42, 57:

- i. These claims consist a method and a system to implement claim 72, thus they are rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 72 above.
 - c. Referring to claims 2-39, 43-55, 58-70, 73-85:

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i. These claims are dependent claims of either 1, 42, 57, and 72, thus they are rejected with the same rationale applied against claims 1, 42, 57, and 72 above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 6. Claims 1, 21, 26-28, 36, 39-40, 42, 50, 53-55, 57, 69-70, 72, 80, and 85 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Trcka et al (US 6,453,345 B2).

a. Referring to claim 1:

- i. Trcka teaches a method comprising:
- (1) determining whether a source address for a first packet sent by the source address to a destination address qualifies as a threat (column 14, lines 61-67; column 15, lines 36-57 of Trcka);
- (2) examining the first packet (column 15, line 58 through column 16, line 4 of Trcka); and
- (3) determining a response to the first packet based upon the examining and based upon whether the source address qualifies as the threat (column 15, line 58 through column 16, line 4 of Trcka).

b. Referring to claim 21:

i. Trcka further teaches:

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(1) when the source address fails to qualify as the threat, determining whether the destination address qualifies as a second threat (column 14, lines 61-67; column 15, lines 36-57 of Trcka).

c. Referring to claim 26:

- i. Trcka further teaches:
- (1) when the source address qualifies as the threat, determining a packet type of the first packet (column 14, lines 61-67; column 15, lines 36-57; and column 18, lines 3-7 of Trcka).
 - d. Referring to claim 27:
 - i. Trcka further teaches:
- (1) when the packet type of the first packet is an address resolution protocol request (column 1, lines 45-48; column 2, lines 49-56; and column 7, lines 57-67 of Trcka), determining that the response comprises creating a reply comprising the destination address as a reply source address, and sending the reply to the source address (column 15, line 36 through column 16, line 4 of Trcka).
 - e. Referring to claim 28:
- i. This claim has limitations that is similar to those of claim 27, thus it is rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 27 above.
 - f. Referring to claim 36:
 - i. Trcka further teaches:
- (1) performing the response (column 14, lines 61-67; column 15, lines 36-57 of Trcka).
 - g. Referring to claim 39:
 - i. Trcka further teaches:
- (1) wherein the examining the first packet comprises examining a header for the first packet (column 6, lines 13-16; column 16, lines 49-55 of Trcka).
 - h. Referring to claim 40:
 - Trcka further teaches:

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(1) wherein the examining the first packet does not comprise examining a payload for the first packet (column 18, lines 3-14 of Trcka).

i. Referring to claims 42, 57, 72:

i. These claims consist a system and computerreadable medium to implement claim 1, thus they are rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 1 above.

j. Referring to claims 50, 80:

i. These claims have limitations that is similar to those of claim 1, thus they are rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 1 above.

I. Referring to claims 53, 85:

i. These claims have limitations that is similar to those of claim 26, thus they are rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 26 above.

m. Referring to claims 54, 69:

i. These claims have limitations that is similar to those of claim 27, thus they are rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 27 above.

k. Referring to claims 55, 70:

i. These claims have limitations that is similar to those of claim 36, thus they are rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 36 above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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8. Claims 2-5, 22-23, 43-46, , 51-52, 58-61, 73-76, 81-82, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Trcka et al (US 6,453,345 B2), and further in view of Thubert et al (US 6,865,184 B2).

a. Referring to claim 2:

- i. Trcka further teaches:
- (column 14, lines 61-67; column 15, lines 36-57 of Trcka). However, Trcka is silent on the capability of determining whether the destination address is synthetic. On the other hand, Thubert teaches this limitation in column 3, lines 42-59 of Thubert.
- ii. It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to:
- (1) have modified the invention of Trcka with the teaching of Thubert for detecting and protecting against security breaches (both internal and external), network failures, and other types of data-compromising events (column 1, lines 12-15 of Trcka).
 - iii. The ordinary skilled person would have been motivated to:
- (1) have modified the invention of Trcka with the teaching of Thubert to monitor and record the traffic present on a local area network, wide area network, or other type of computer network, without interrupting or otherwise interfering with the flow of the traffic (see Trcka's abstract, lines 1-5).

b. Referring to claim 3:

- i. The combination of teaching between Trcka and Thubert teaches the claimed subject matter. Thubert further teaches:
- (1) when the destination address is determined to be synthetic (column 3, lines 42-59 of Thubert), determining the response to be dropping the first packet (see Figure 5B, element 236 and column 10, lines 63-64 and column 12, line 49 of Thubert).

c. Referring to claim 4:

i. The combination of teaching between Trcka and Thubert teaches the claimed subject matter. Thubert further teaches:

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(1) dropping the first packet (see Figure 5B, element 236 and column 10, lines 63-64 and column 12, line 49 of Thubert).

d. Referring to claim 5:

- i. The combination of teaching between Trcka and Thubert teaches the claimed subject matter. Trcka further teaches:
- (1) when the destination address is determined to be not synthetic and the source address is the threat (column 14, lines 61-67; column 15, lines 36-57 of Trcka), determining whether the source address is on a local network (column 2, lines 11-14 of Trcka).

f. Referring to claim 22:

i. This claim has limitations that is similar to those of claims 1-3, thus it is rejected with the same rationale applied against claims 1-3 above.

g. Referring to claim 23:

i. This claim has limitations that is similar to those of claim 4, thus it is rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 4 above.

j. Referring to claims 43-46, 59-61, 73-76:

i. These claims have limitations that is similar to those of claims 2-5, thus they are rejected with the same rationale applied against claims 2-5above.

k. Referring to claims 51, 58, 81:

i. These claims have limitations that is similar to those of claim
2, thus they are rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 2 above.

I. Referring to claims 52, 82:

- i. These claims have limitations that is similar to those of claim27, thus they are rejected with the same rationale applied against claim 27 above.
- 9. Claims 37-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Trcka et al (US 6,453,345 B2), and further in view of Miyazaki et al (US 5,517,488).

a. Referring to claims 37-38:

Trcka further teaches:

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(1) wherein the source address comprises at least one of a logical address and a physical address (column 18, lines 3-7 of Trcka).

- ii. Although Trcka teaches the source and destination addresses, Trcka is silent on the capability of showing source address and/or destination address includes the logical and physical addresses. On the other hand, Miyazaki teaches this limitation in Figures 3, 5, 6A-6B, and 8.
- iii. It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to:
- (1) have modified the invention of Trcka with the teaching of Miyazaki for detecting and protecting against security breaches (both internal and external), network failures, and other types of data-compromising events (column 1, lines 12-15 of Trcka).
 - iv. The ordinary skilled person would have been motivated to:
- (1) have modified the invention of Trcka with the teaching of Miyazaki to monitor and record the traffic present on a local area network, wide area network, or other type of computer network, without interrupting or otherwise interfering with the flow of the traffic (see Trcka's abstract, lines 1-5).

Conclusion

- 10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- a. Schell et al (US 6,477,648 B1) discloses a trusted workstation in a networked client/server computing system (see Title).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thanhnga (Tanya) Truong whose telephone number is 571-272-3858.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kim Vu can be reached at 571-272-3859. The fax and phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-2100.

Vanhage B. Ty AUZ135

TBT

June 29, 2007